

# Autogreffes de cellules souches: Quel intérêt en neurologie?

**Xavier Ayrignac**

CHU de Montpellier



# Conflits d'intérêts

Participation à des réunions, présentations, invitations à des conférences, financement de projets de recherche indépendants:

- **ALEXION, AMGEN, BIOGEN, GILEAD, JANSSEN, JUVISE, NOVARTIS, MERCK, ROCHE, SANOFI.**



# Indication des greffes de CSH

## • Autologues

### • Tumeurs malignes

- NHL
- Hodgkin's disease
- Leucémie aigue myéloïde
- Myélome multiple
- Tumeurs solides

### • Autres maladies

- Maladies autoimmunes

## • Allogéniques

### • Tumeurs malignes

- NHL
- Leucémie aigue myéloïde
- Myélome multiple
- Etc...

### • Autres maladies

- Maladies génétiques
- Etc...



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Cellules défailantes

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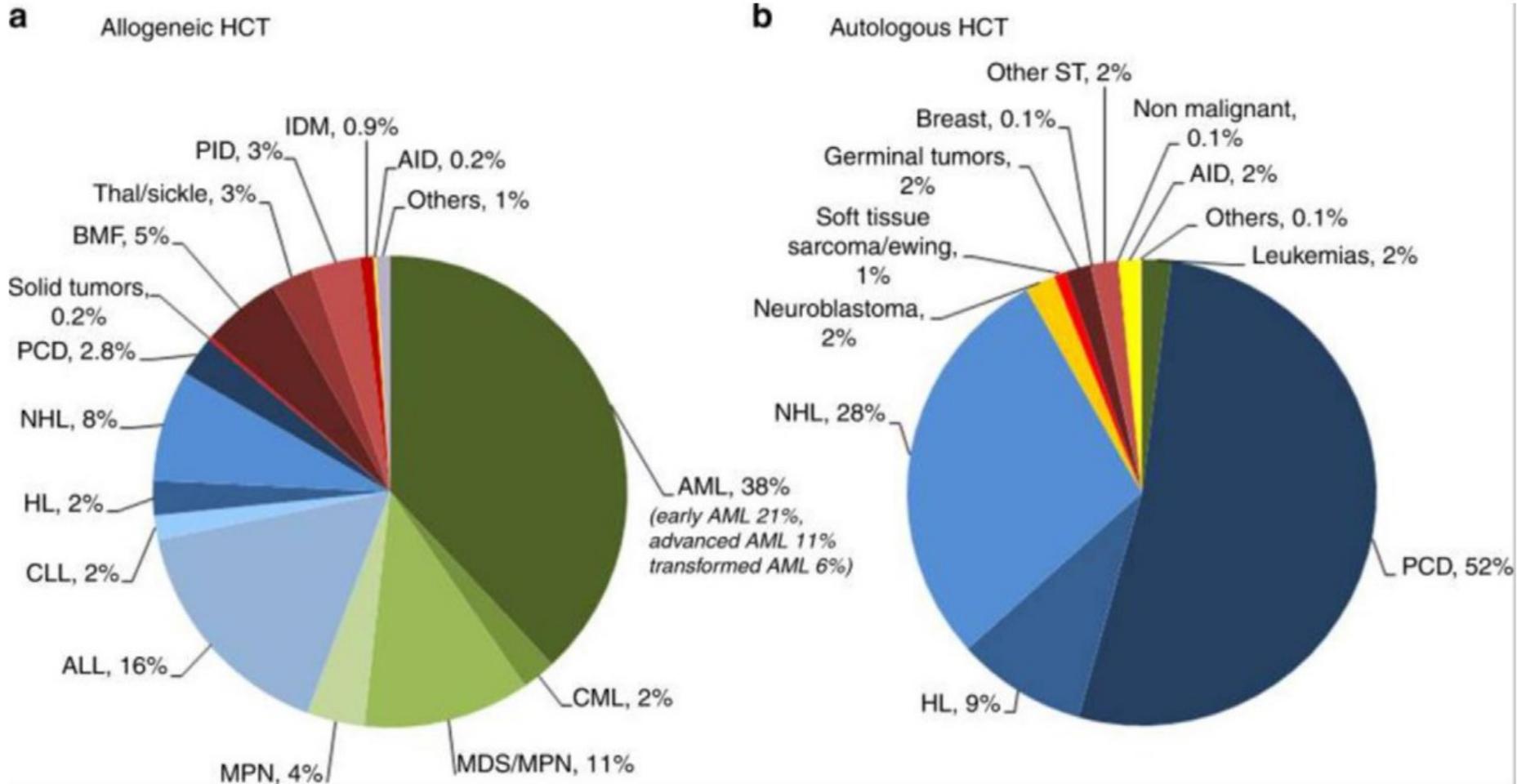
### • Autres maladies

- Maladies génétiques

Cellules défailantes

Cellules malignes

# Indication des greffes de CSH





# Indication des greffes de CSU

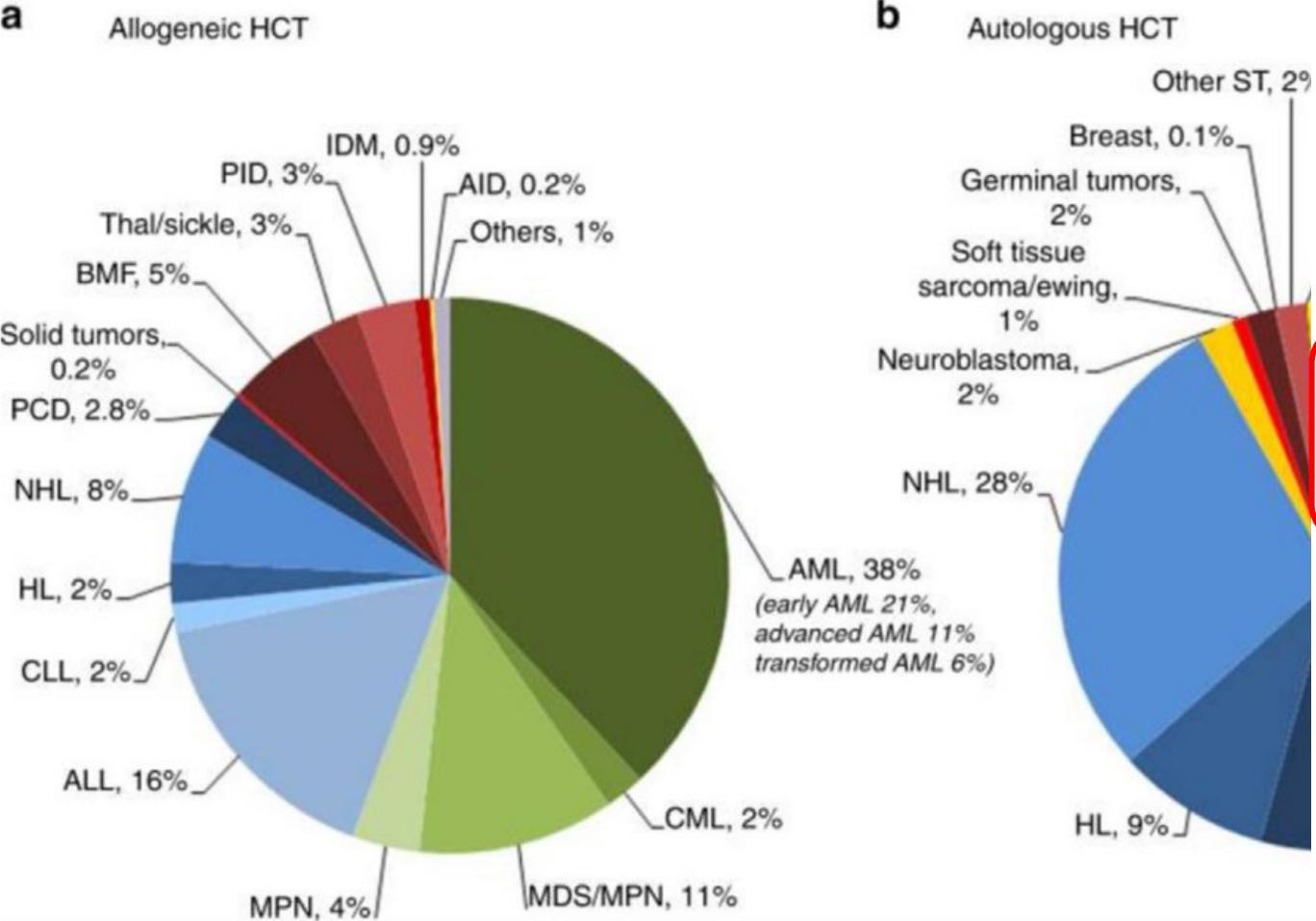
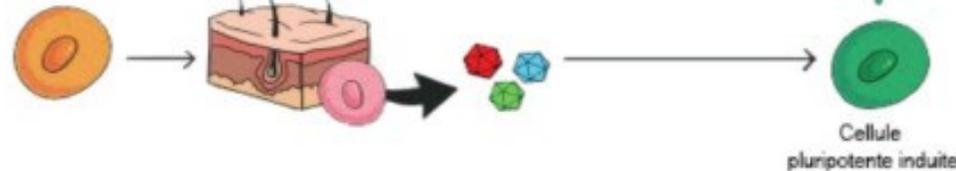
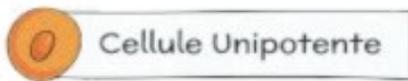
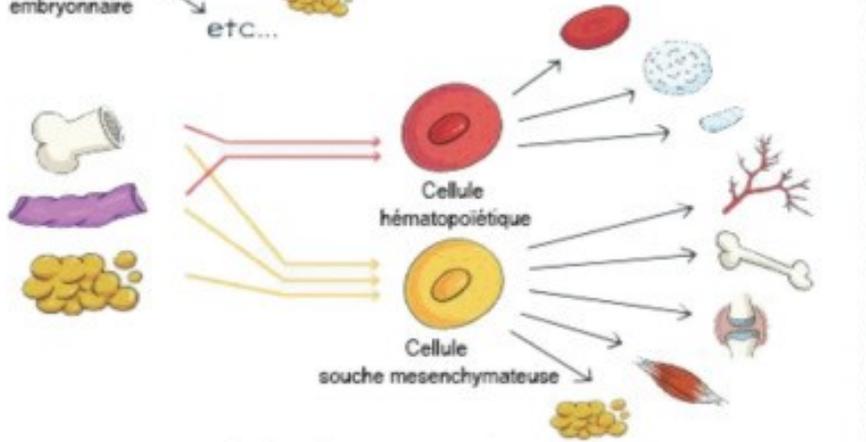
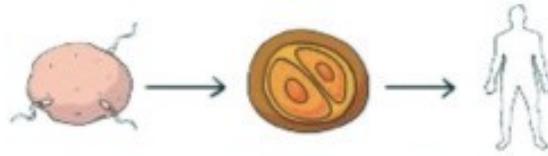


TABLEAU I  
 Nombre d'autogreffes de CSU pour MAI rapportées en France de 1996 à 2017

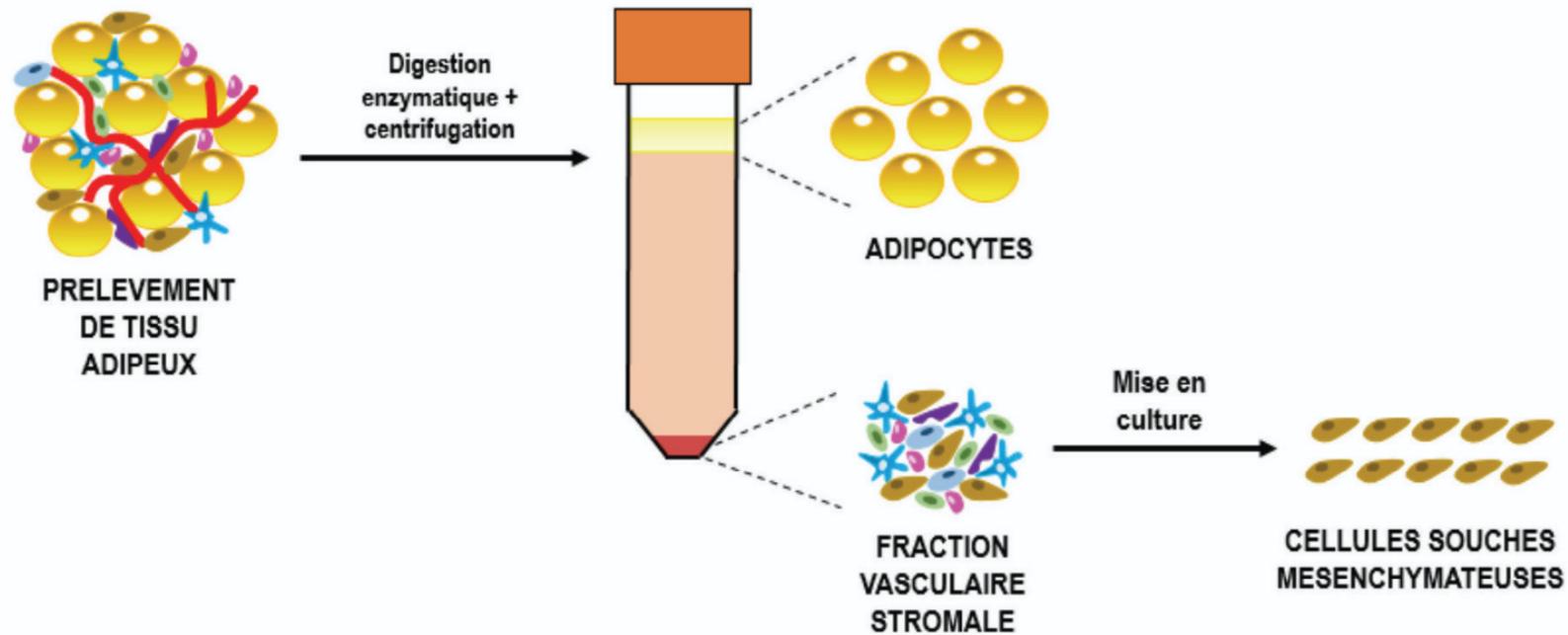
	<i>n</i>
Sclérodémie systémique	75
Dermatomyosites-polymyosites	6
Polychondrites	3
Lupus érythémateux disséminé	2
Sclérose en plaques	18
Polyradiculonévrite inflammatoire démyélinisante chronique	2
Autres MAI neurologiques	3
Cytopénies auto-immunes	11
Arthrite juvénile idiopathique	3
Polyarthrite rhumatoïde	2
Autres arthrites	3
Maladie de Crohn	5

# Cellules souches ???



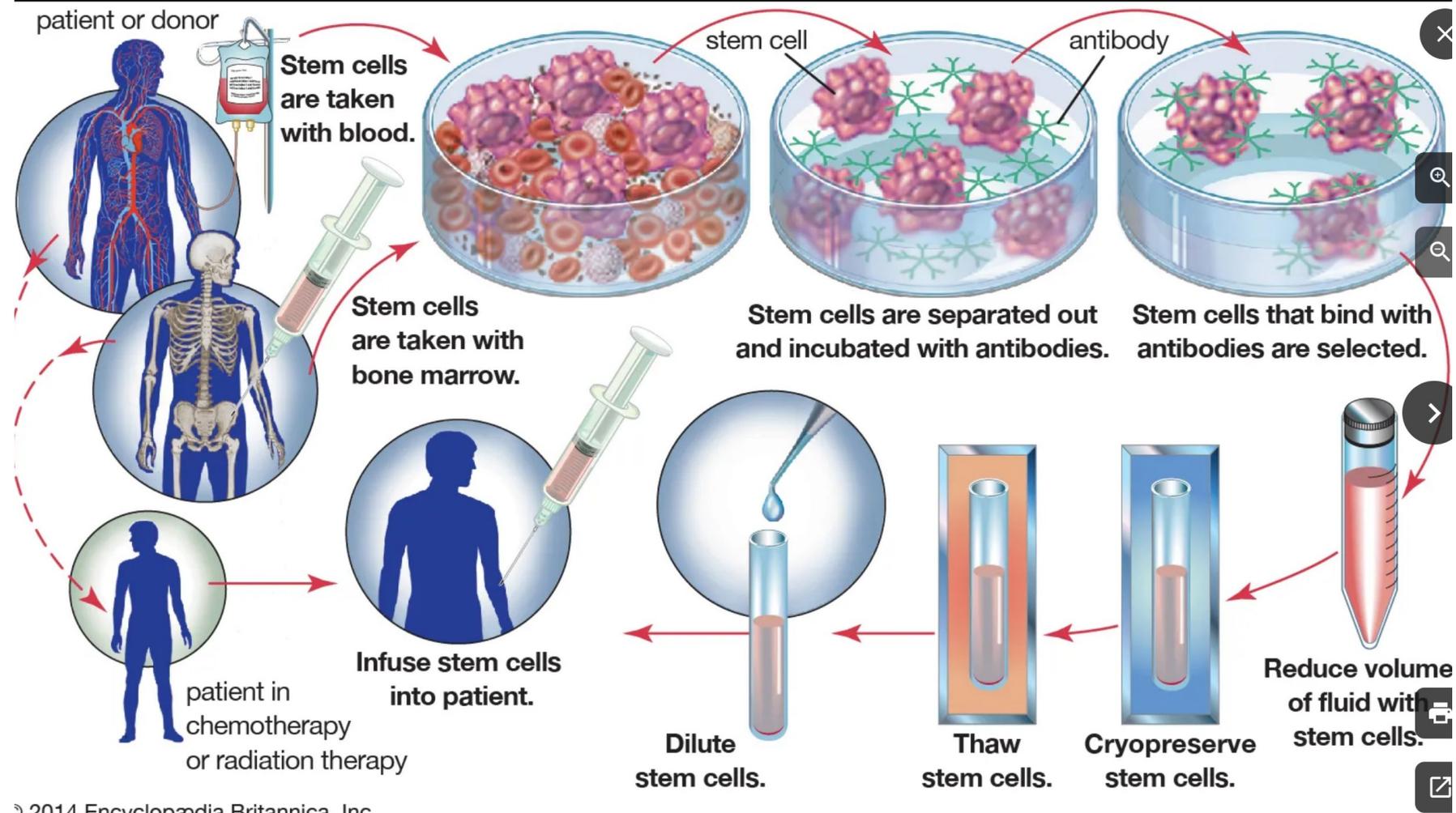
# Cellules souches mesenchymateuses ???

Figure 2. Schéma d'obtention de la FVS et des CSM à partir d'un prélèvement de tissu adipeux.

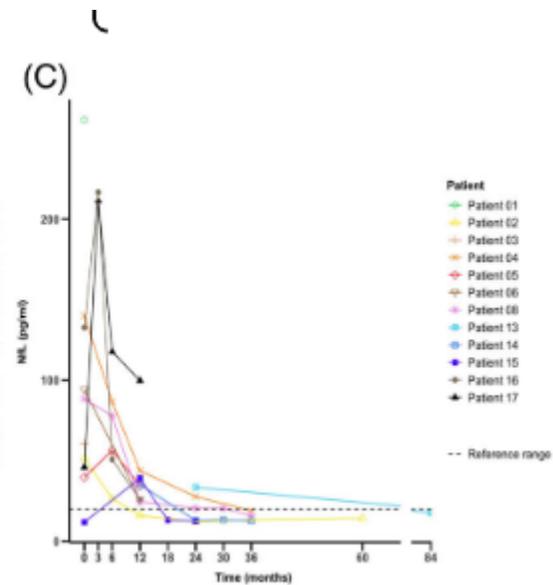
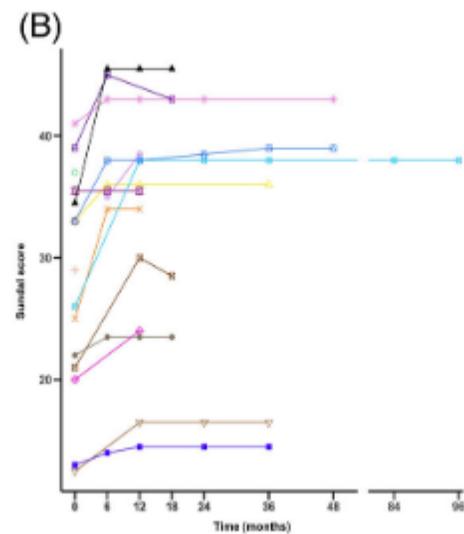
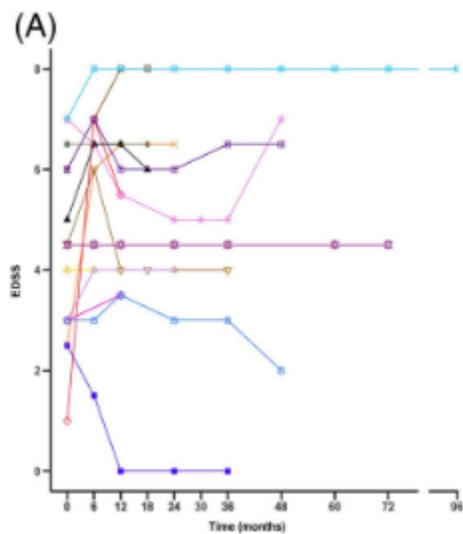
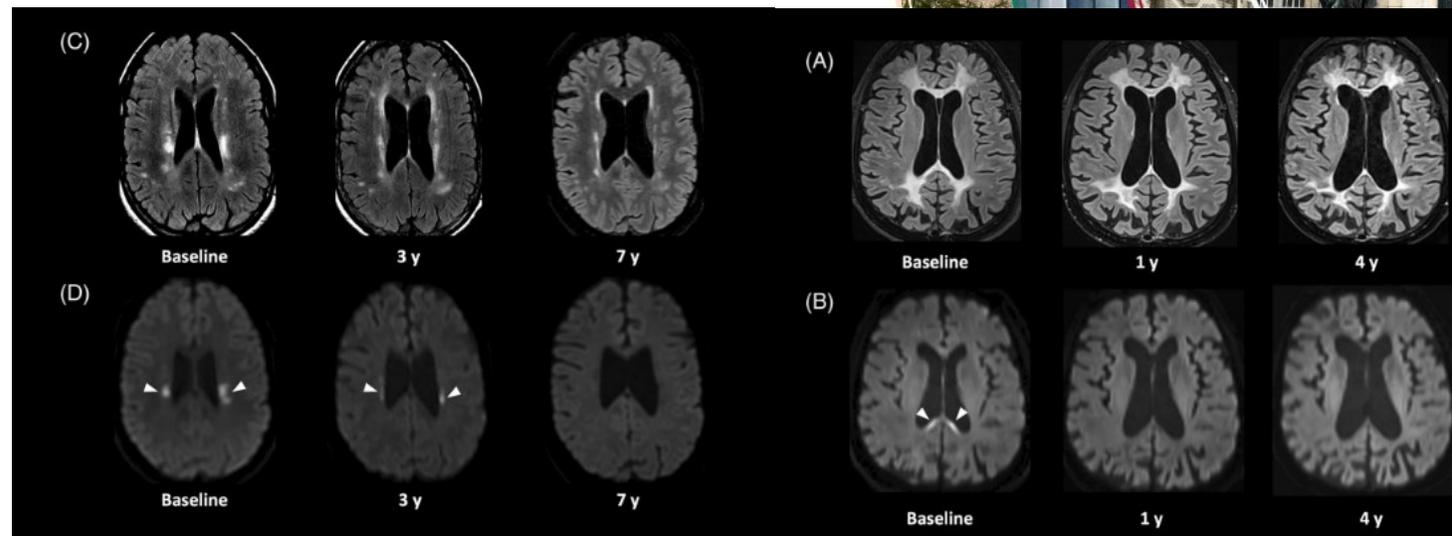
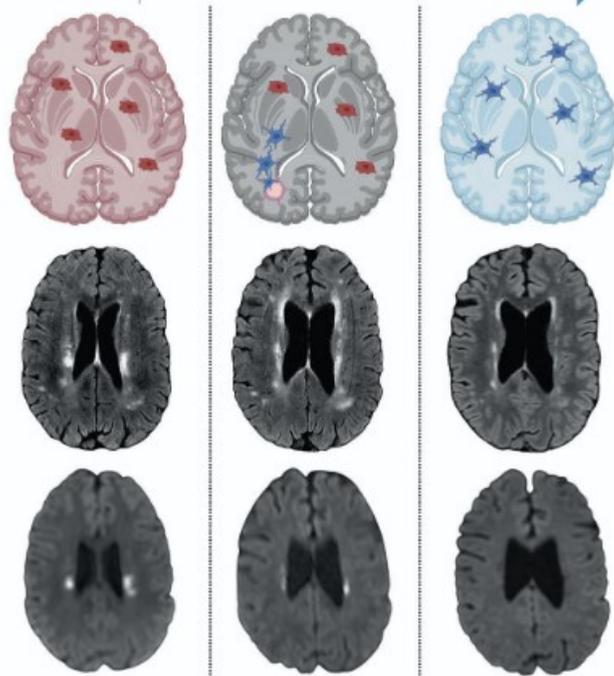
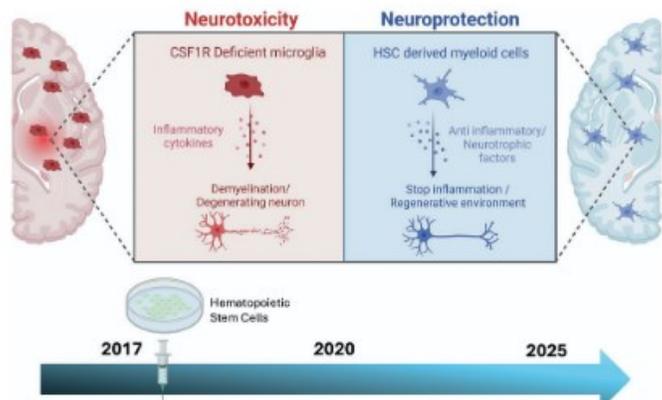




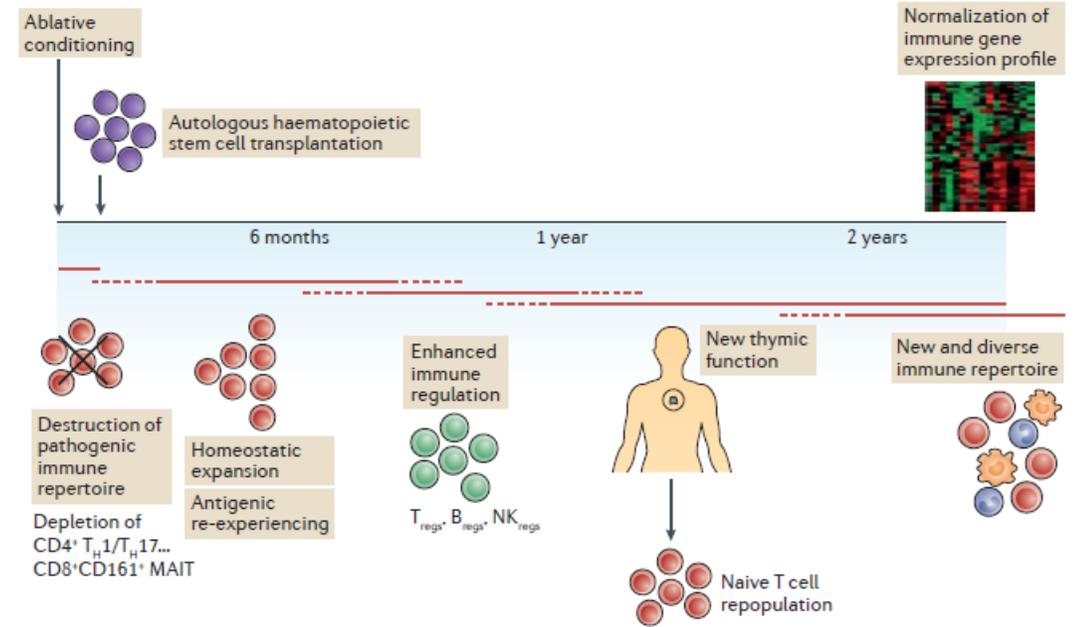
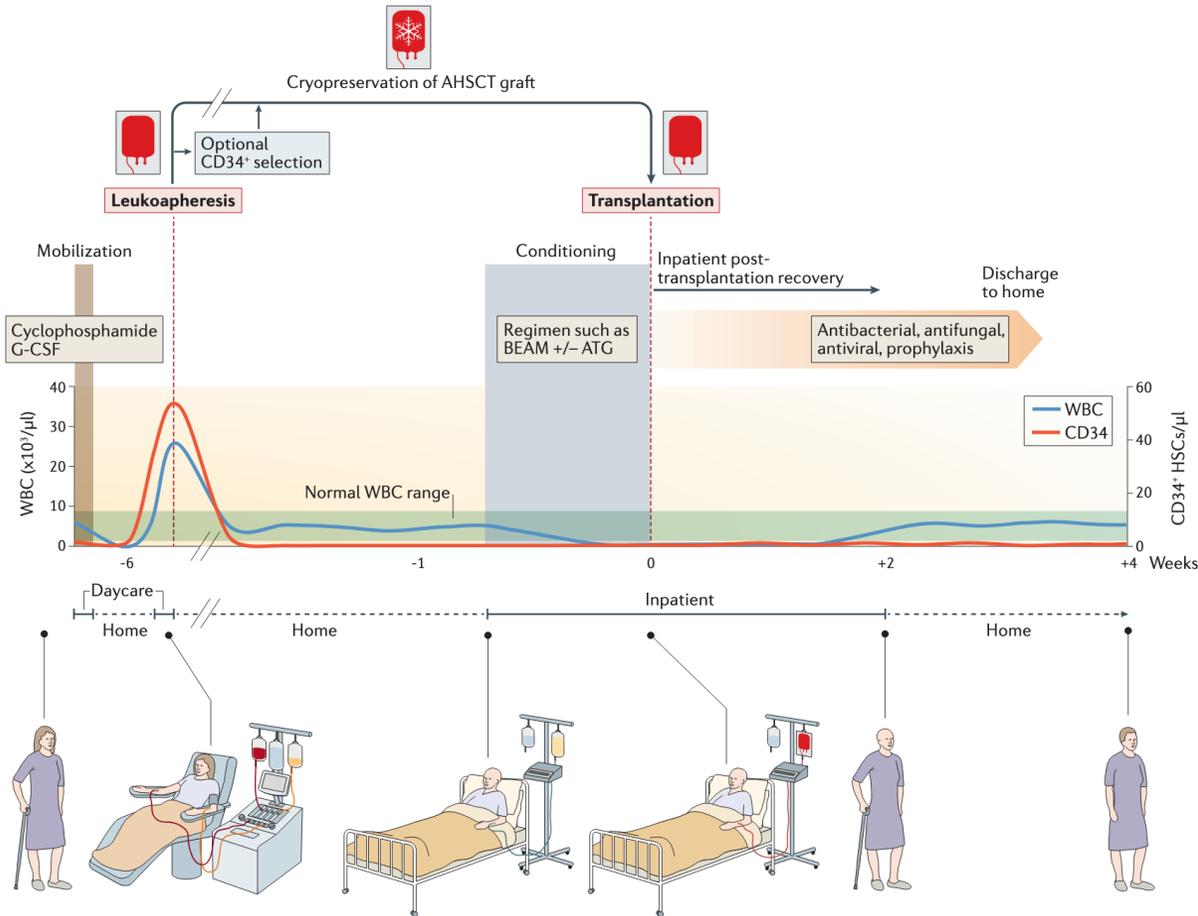
# Principe des greffes de CSH



# Allogreffes de CSH



# Principe des autogreffes de CSH





# Indications en neurologie: Sclérose en plaques

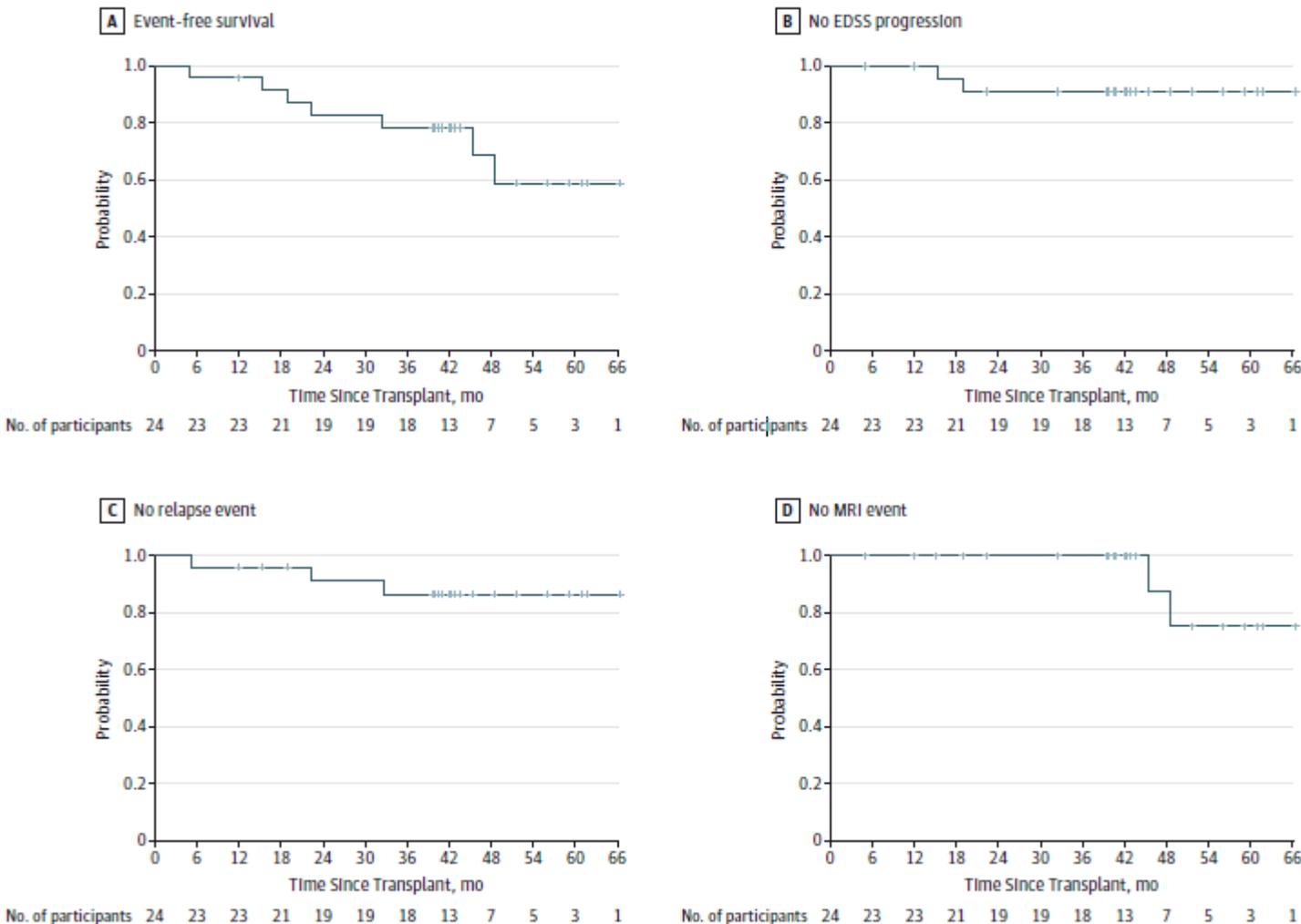
Research

Original Investigation | CLINICAL TRIAL

## High-Dose Immunosuppressive Therapy and Autologous Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation for Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis (HALT-MS) A 3-Year Interim Report

Richard A. Nash, MD; George J. Hutton, MD; Michael K. Racke, MD; Uday Popat, MD; Steven M. Devine, MD; Linda M. Griffith, MD, PhD; Paolo A. Muraro, MD, PhD; Harry Openshaw, MD; Peter H. Sayre, MD, PhD; Olaf Stüve, MD, PhD; Douglas L. Arnold, MD; Meagan E. Spychala, DrPH; Kaitlyn C. McConville, MS; Kristina M. Harris, PhD; Deborah Phippard, PhD; George E. Georges, MD; Annette Wundes, MD; George H. Kraft, MD, MS; James D. Bowen, MD

Figure 1. Neurologic Outcomes: Composite Primary End Point and Components





# Indications en neurologie: Sclérose en plaques

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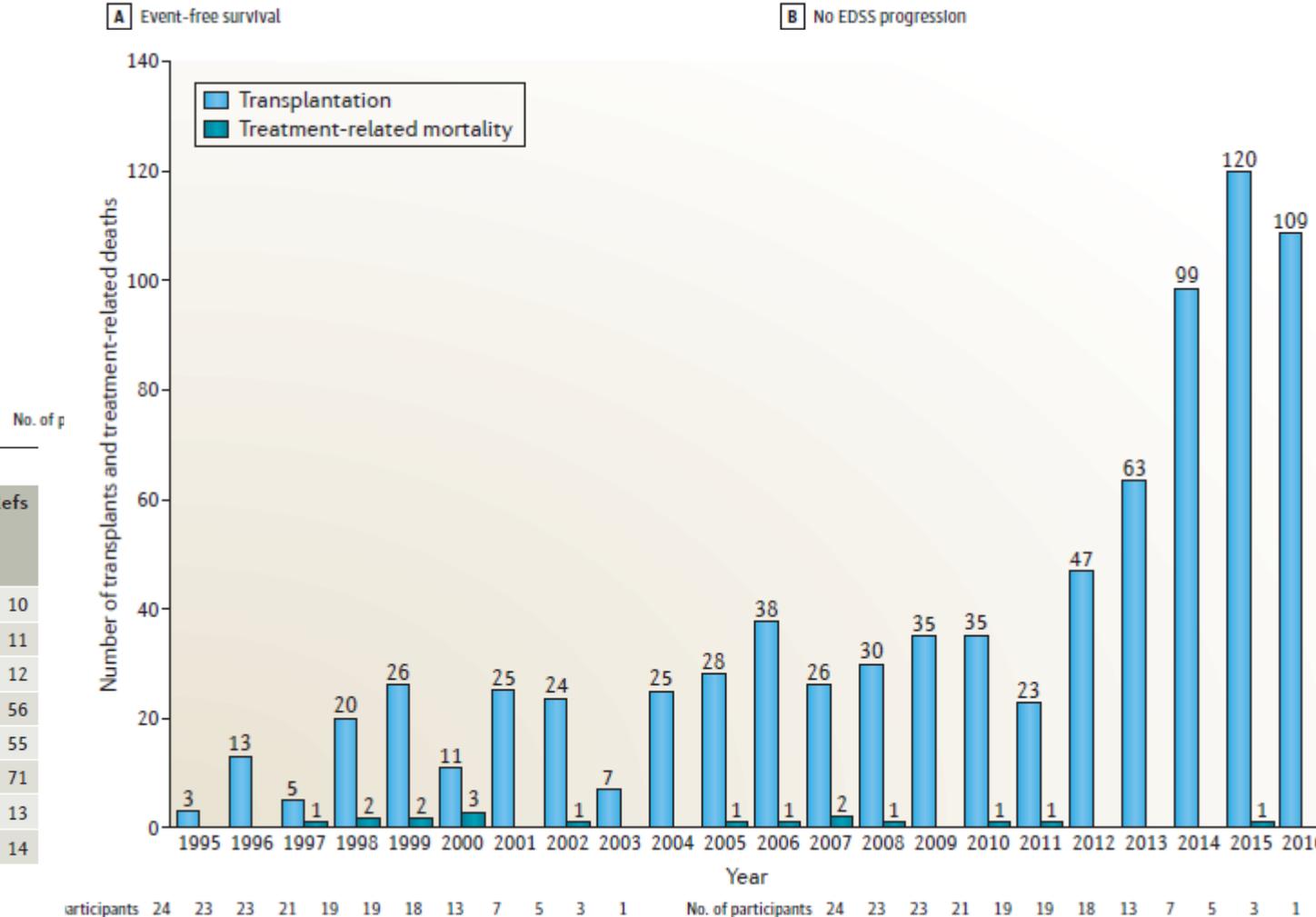
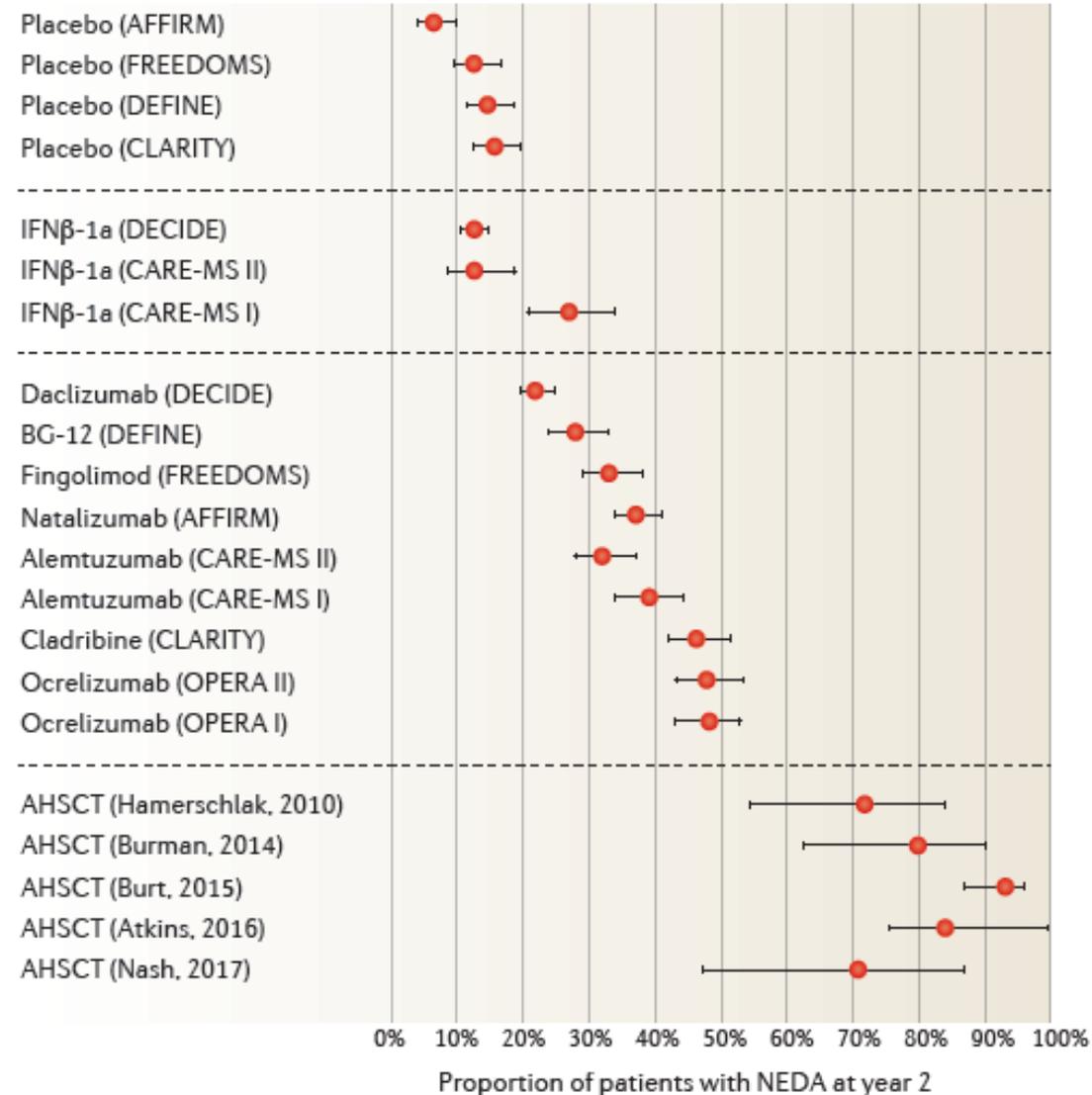


Table 3 | Study design and outcomes in recent clinical studies of AHSCT for MS

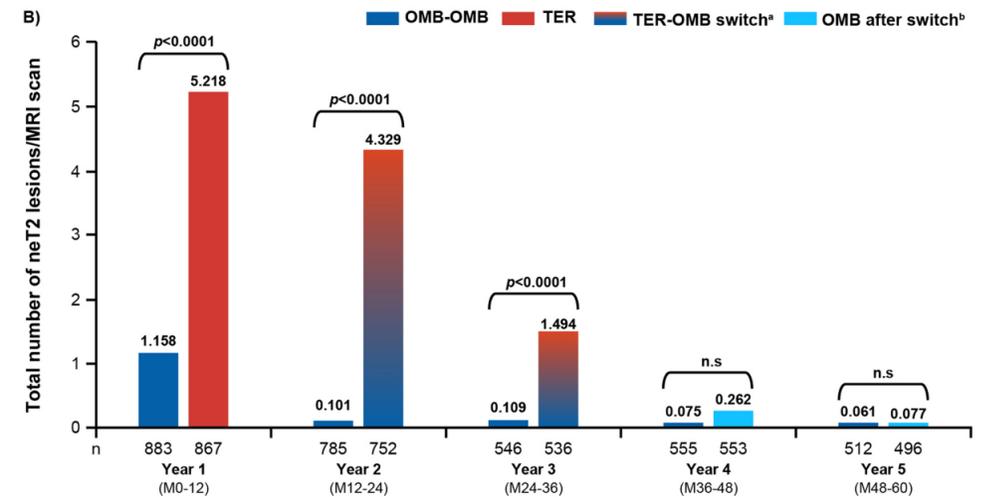
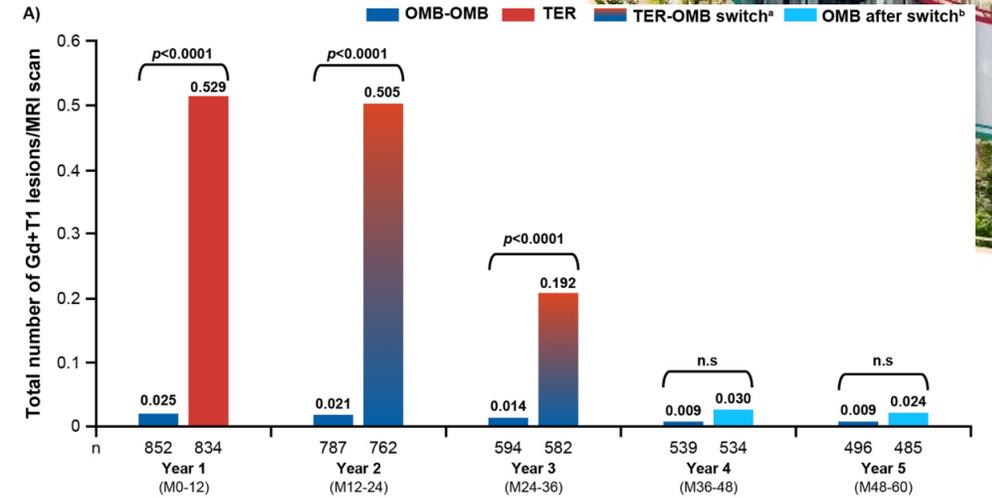
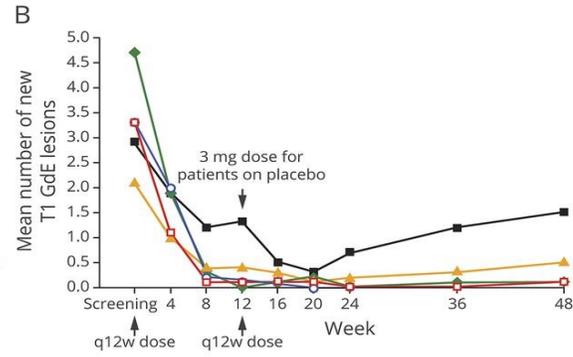
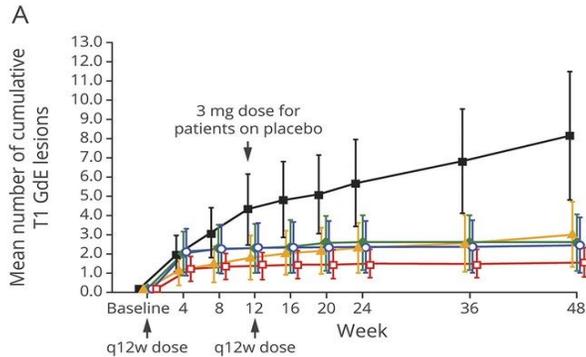
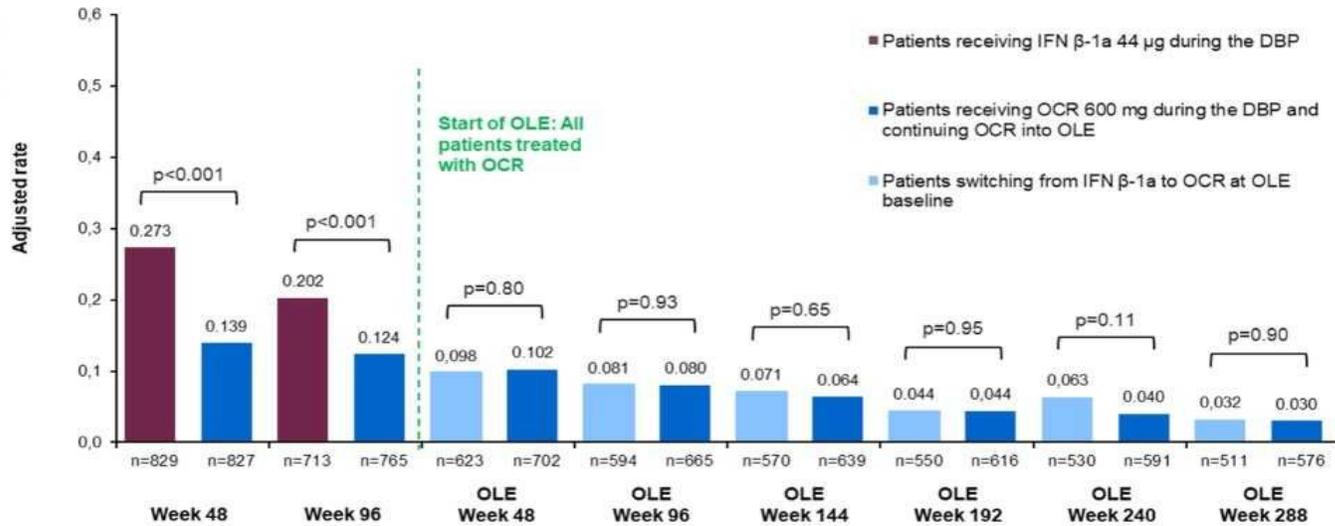
Study	Patient sample size	Median follow-up (months)	Regimen type	Patients with disability progression at 2 years (%)	Patients with disability progression at 5 years (%)	Refs
Burman <i>et al.</i> , 2014	41	47.4	Intermediate	10	23	10
Burt <i>et al.</i> , 2015	145	24.0	Low	7	13	11
Mancardi <i>et al.</i> , 2015	9	48.0	Intermediate	33	Not reported	12
Currò <i>et al.</i> , 2015	7	60.0	Low	14	43	56
Muraro <i>et al.</i> , 2017	281	79.2	Mixed	16	54	55
Shevchenko <i>et al.</i> , 2015	99	48.9	Intermediate	1	13	71
Atkins <i>et al.</i> , 2016	24	80.4	Intermediate	30	30	13
Nash <i>et al.</i> , 2017	25	62.0	Intermediate	10	14	14

Papers included are those that reported sufficient information about most variables we considered. AHSCT, autologous haematopoietic stem cell transplantation; MS, multiple sclerosis.

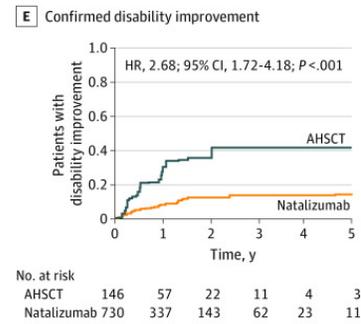
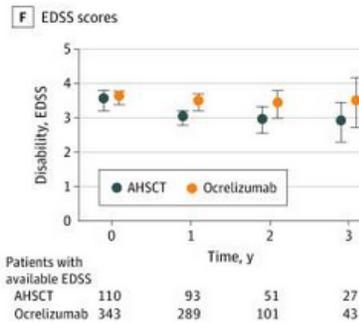
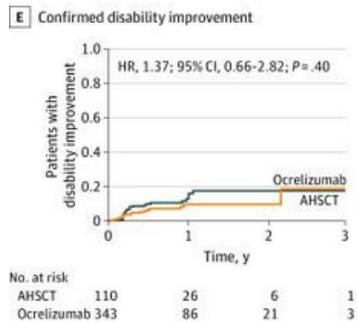
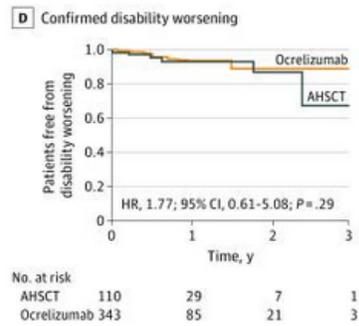
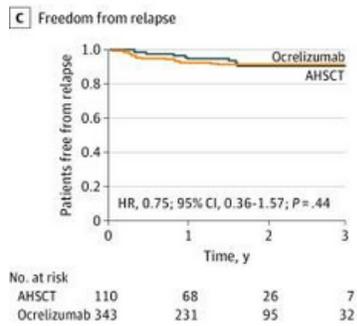
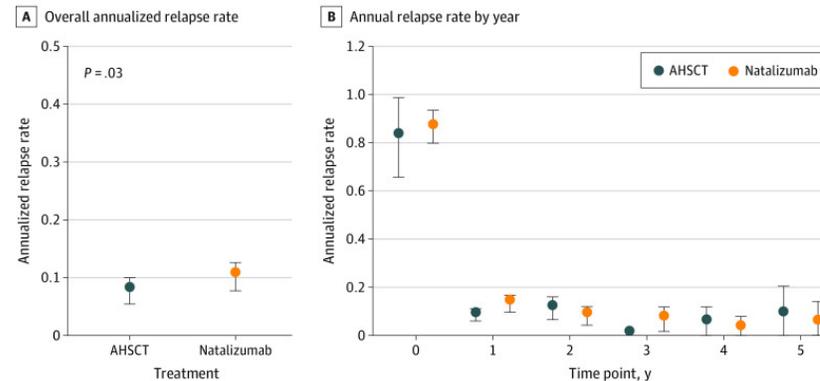
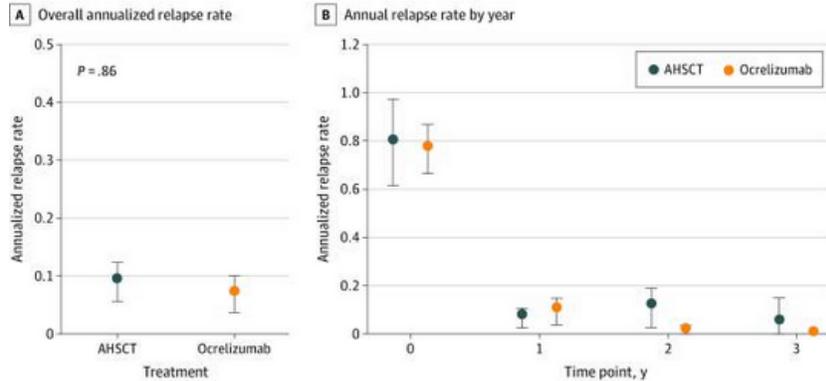
# Indications en neurologie: Sclérose en plaques



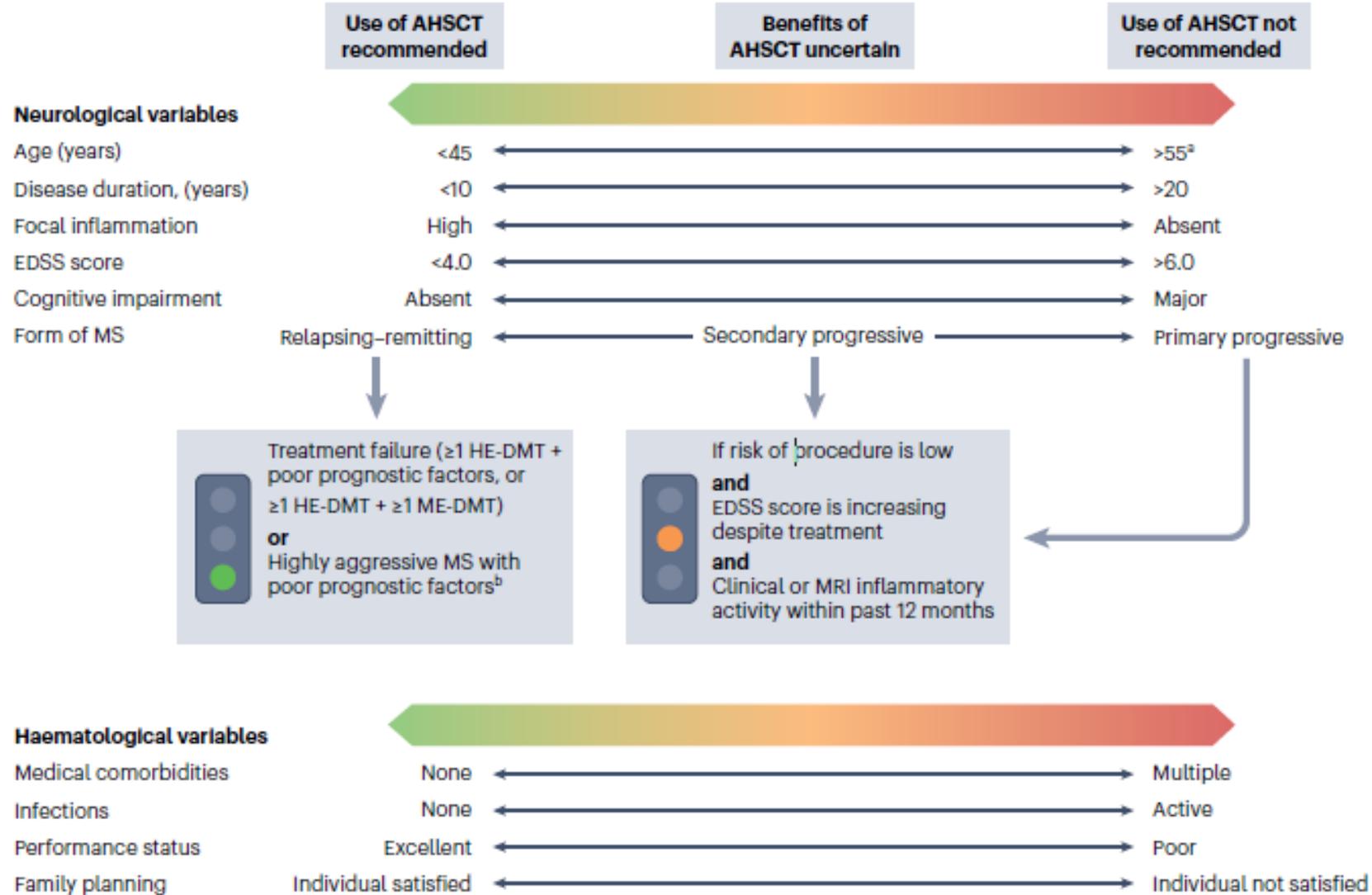
# Indications en SEP: limites



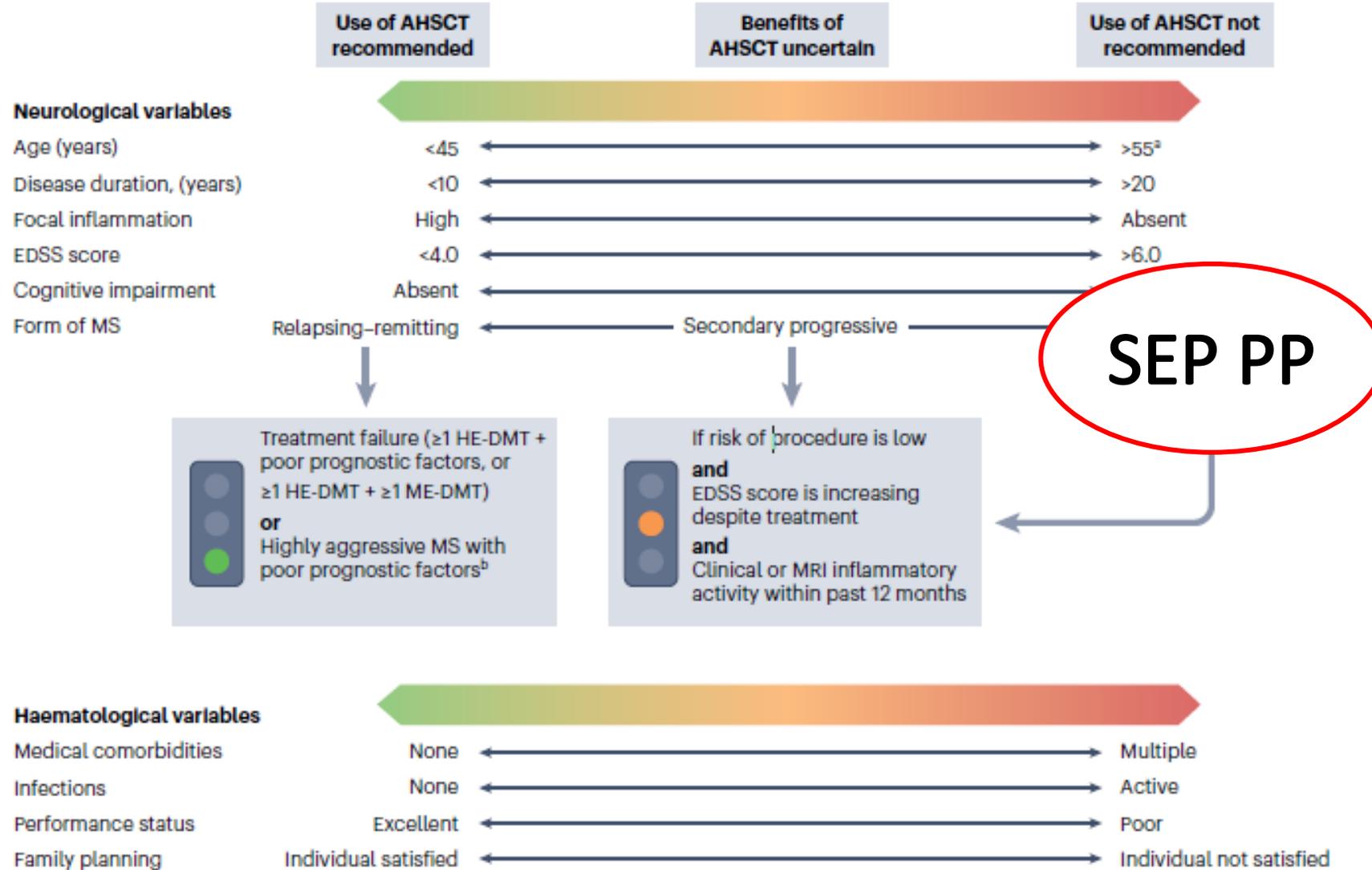
# Indications en SEP: limites



# Indications: Sclérose en plaques

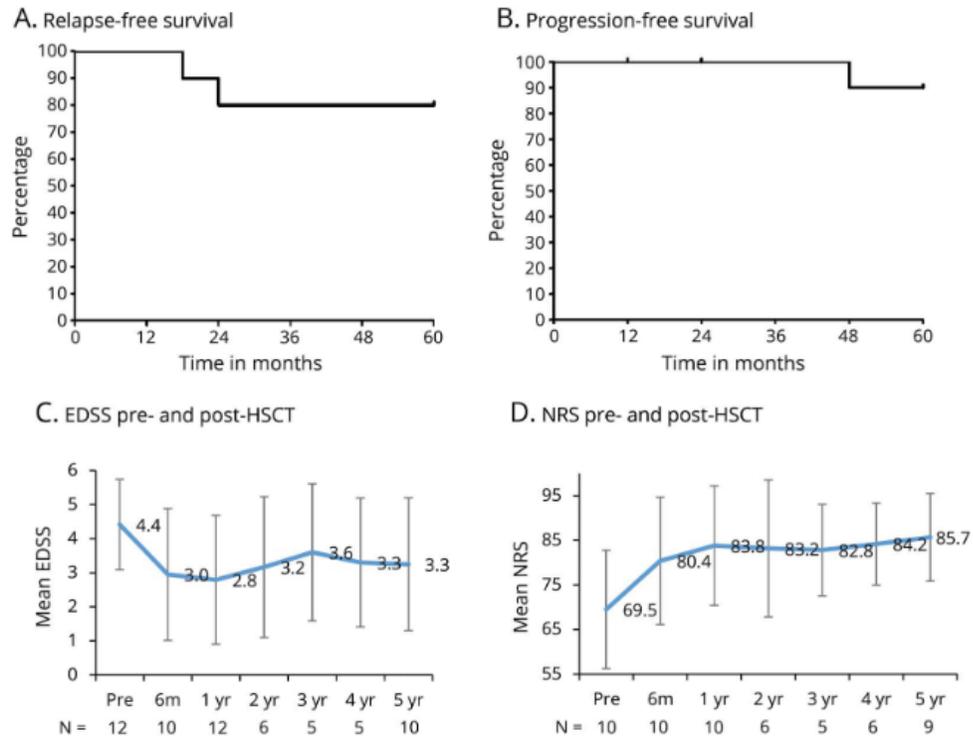


# Indications: Sclérose en plaques



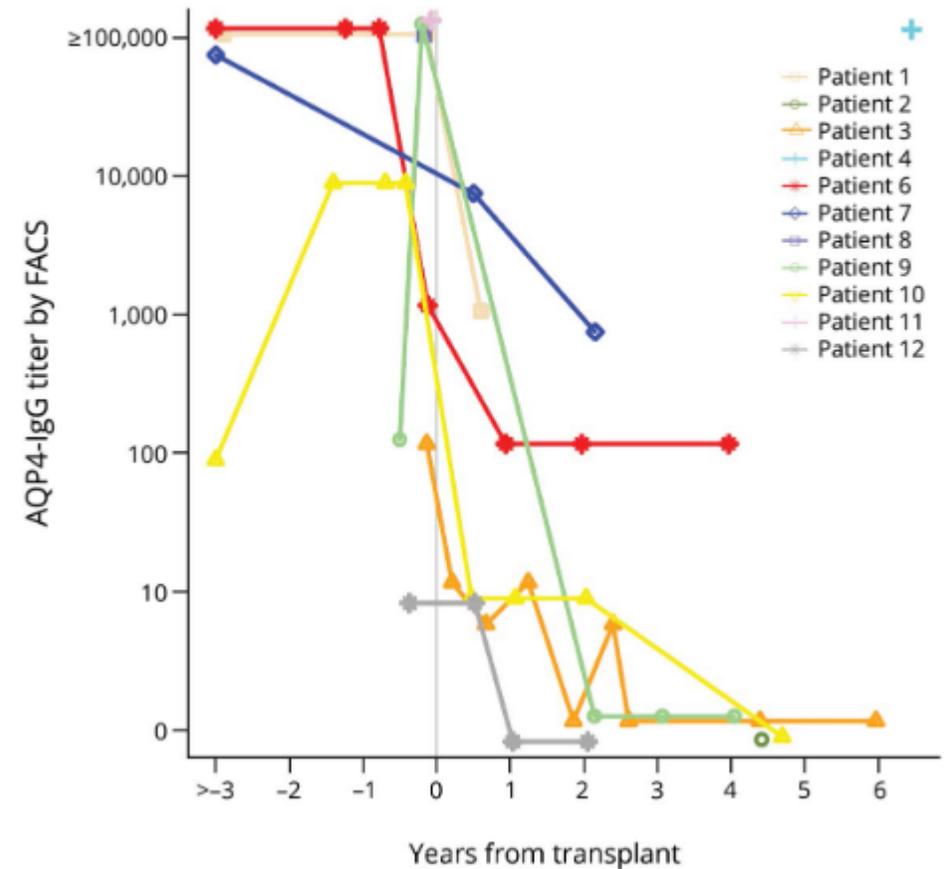
# Autres indications??? NMOSD

**Figure 1** Neurologic outcome after hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT) for neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder



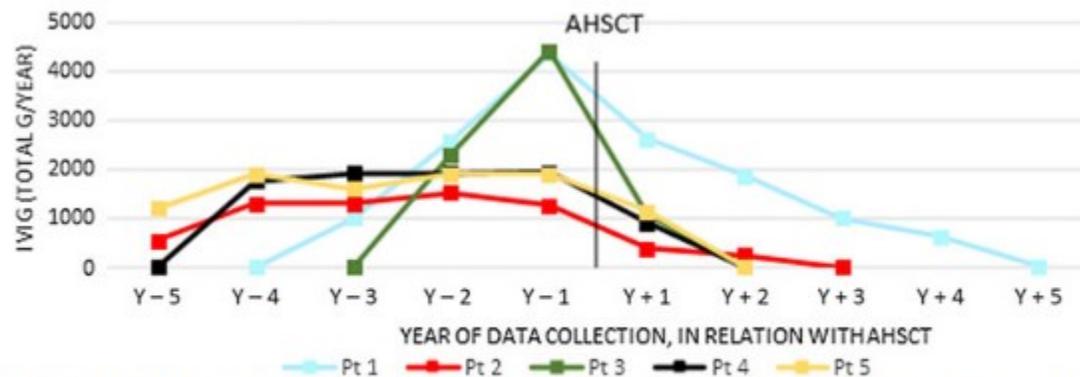
(A-D) EDSS = Expanded Disability Status Scale (range 0-10 in 0.5 increments from none [0] to worst [10] neurologic disability). NRS = neurologic rating scale (range 0 [worse]-100 [best] in 1-point increments).

**Figure 3** Aquaporin-4 (AQP4) titer by AQP4 flow cytometry assay (fluorescence-activated cell sorting) before and after hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT) from stored stem cells

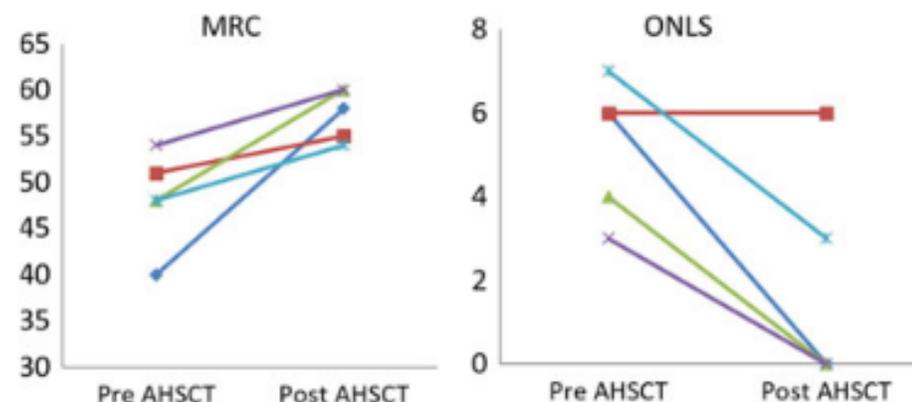


# Autres indications???

## PIDC



**Figure 1.** IVIG requirements are expressed in total g/year (y axis) for the years preceding (Y - 1, Y - 2 . . . ) and following (Y + 1, Y + 2) autologous hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (AHSCT).



**Figure 2.** A greater MRC sum score or lower ONLS correlate with improved clinical status.

Abbreviations: AHSCT, autologous hematopoietic stem cell transplantation; MRC, medical research council; ONLS, Overall Neuropathy Limitations Scale.

# Autres indications???

MG Stem Cell Transplant

B. Beland et al

- Myasthénie

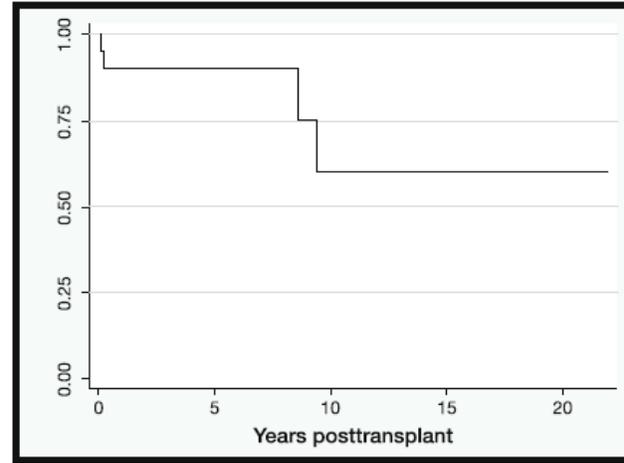
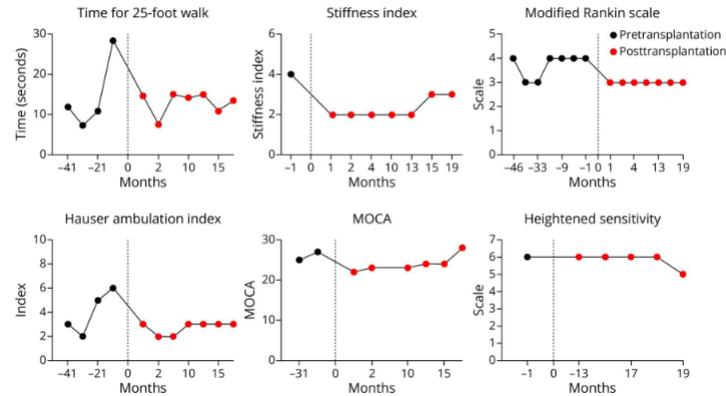


Figure 1. Kaplan-Meier curves showing overall survival.

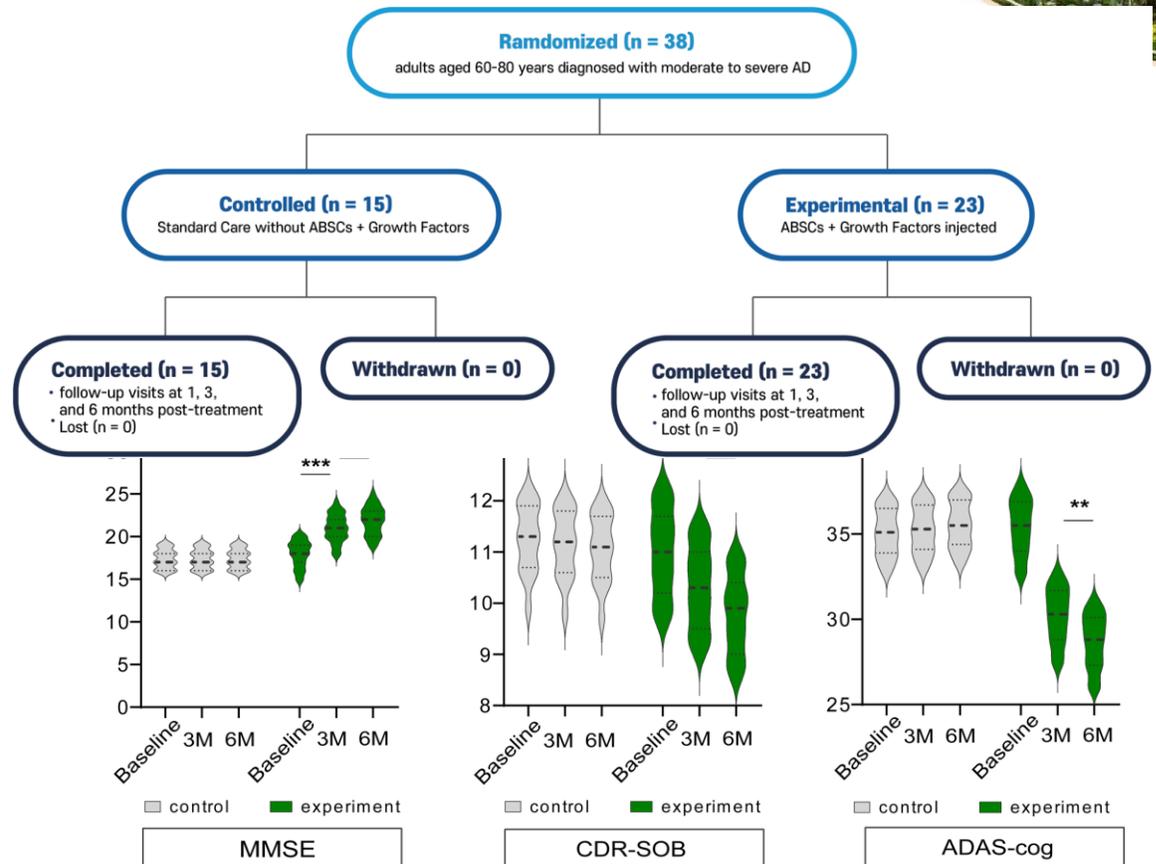
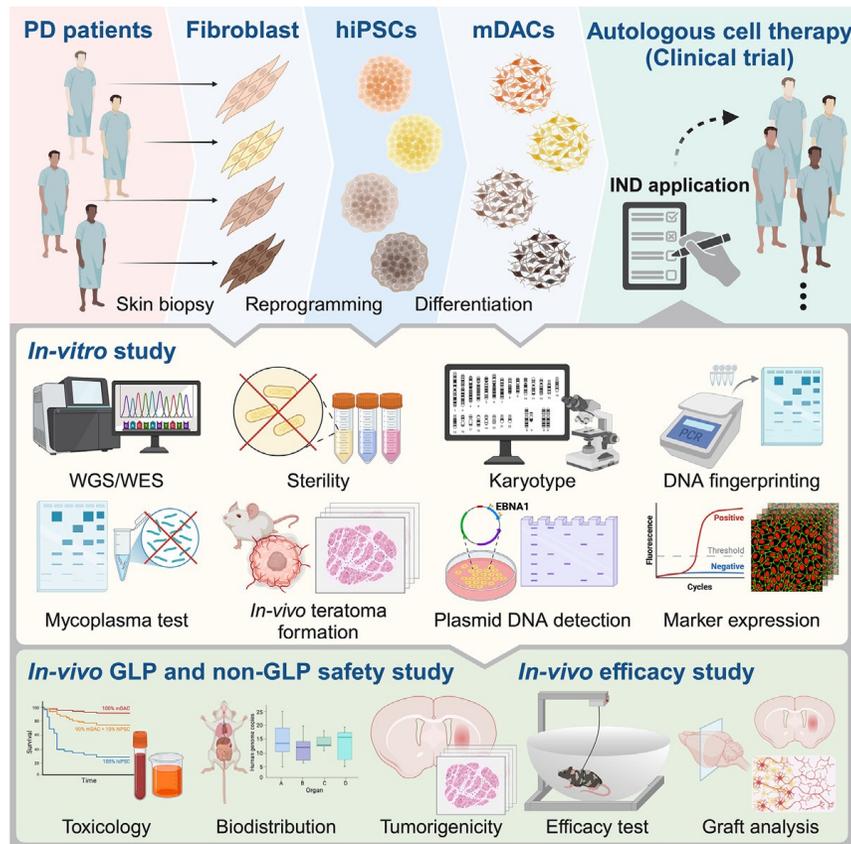
- Stiff Person syndrome

Figure Clinical Scales Preautologous and Postautologous Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplant



# Et après?

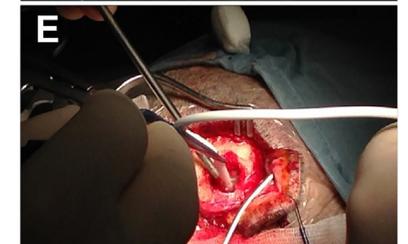
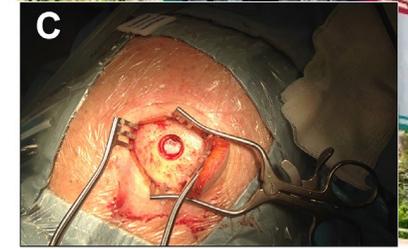
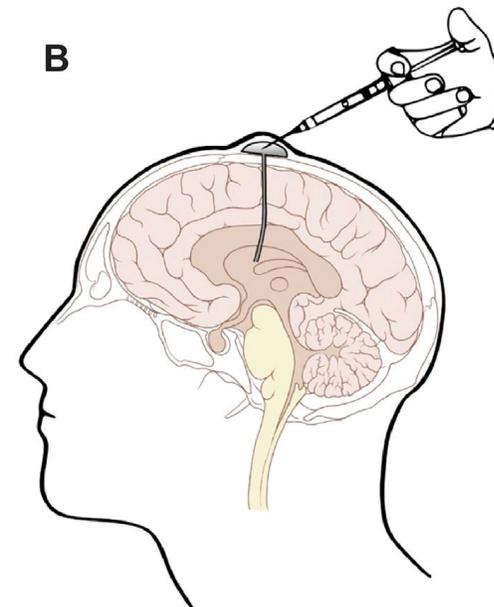
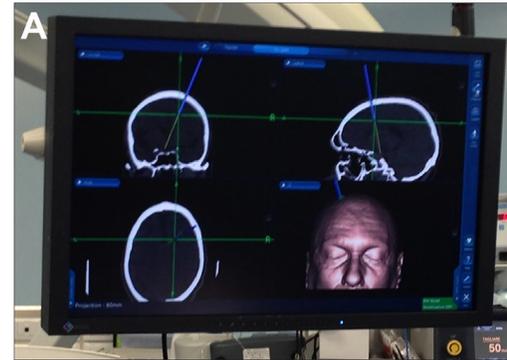
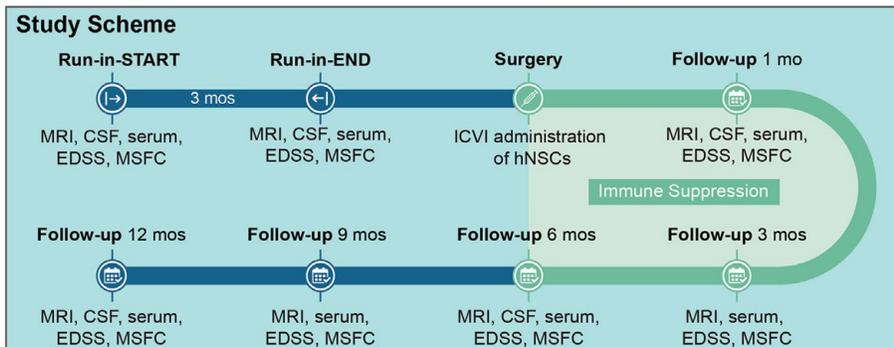
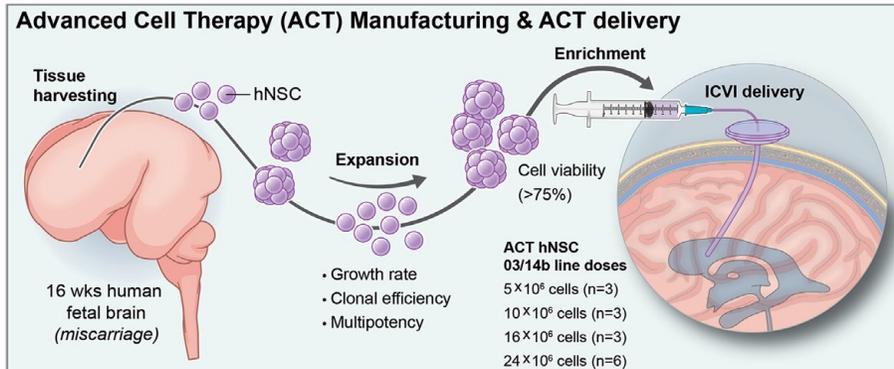
## • Place des AHSCT dans les maladies neurodégénératives?



# Et après? Allogenic neural stem cells

**Study Design and Patient Cohort**

- 2 study sites
- 15 patients with SPMS, 9 females, 6 males
- Mean Age at Treatment 50 yrs (range 38–57 yrs)
- Mean EDSS 7.6 (range 7–8)
- Mean Disease Duration 23 yrs (range 14–30 yrs)
- Mean Time from Conversion 10 yrs (range 1–20 yrs)



**10 patients traités**

**→ Stabilité clinique & bonne tolérance**

# Et après? Mesenchymal stem cells

Recruiting 

**Allogenic Adipose Tissue-derived Mesenchymal Stromal Cells for the Treatment of Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis (MAESTRO-4MS)**

ClinicalTrials.gov ID  NCT06592703

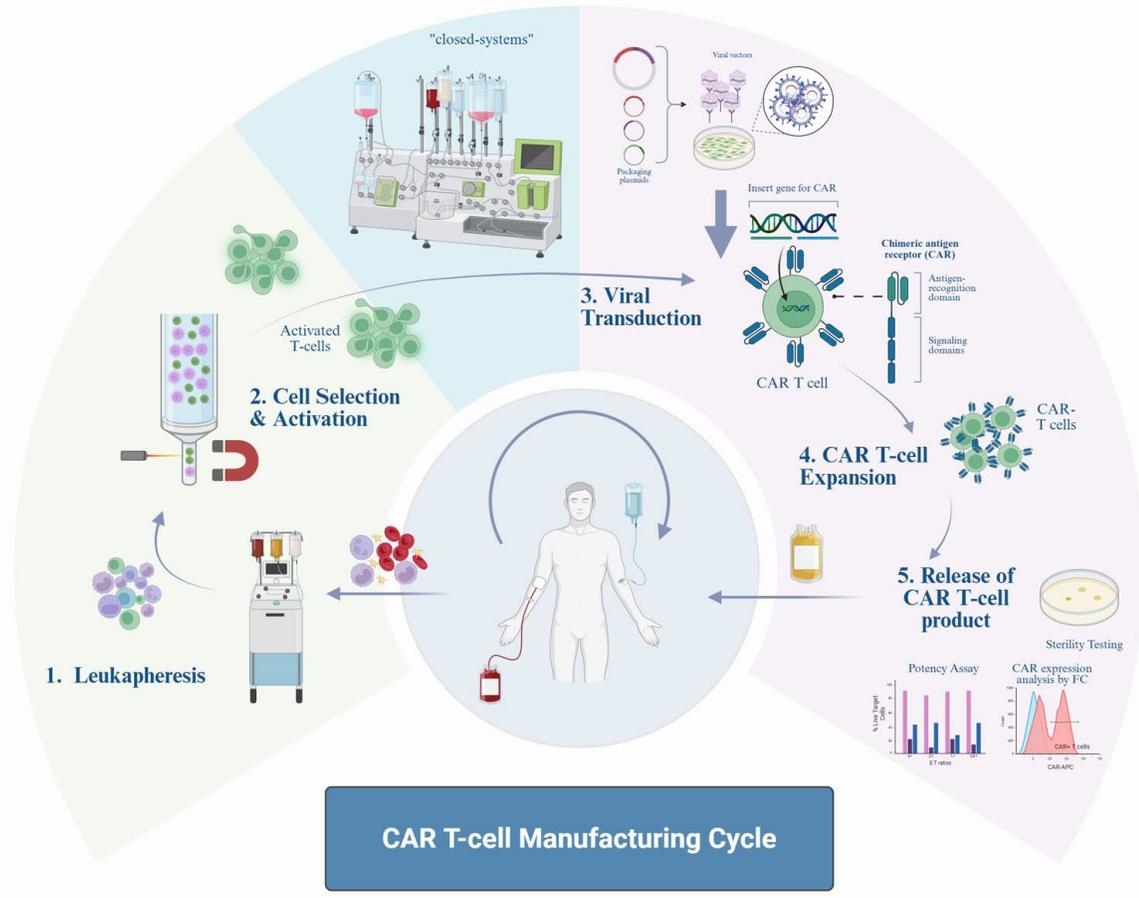
Sponsor  Rennes University Hospital

Information provided by  Rennes University Hospital (Responsible Party)

Last Update Posted  2026-01-05



# Et après? CAR T-cells



CAR T cells in	Autoimmunity	Hemato-Oncology
	translational stage	none approved (off-label or clinical trials)
primary target antigens	CD19, CD20, BCMA, autoantigen-specific BCRs	CD19, CD20, CD22, BCMA, GPRC5D
mode of action	immune reset by transient, deep depletion of B cell compartment	permanent elimination of malignant cells
CAR T cell persistence	no impact on efficacy	positive correlation with efficacy
B cell aplasia	typically 3 - 6 months	often >12 months, in some cases multiple years
toxicity risk (e.g., CRS, ICANS, infections)	low incidence and severity	moderate to high risk, overall TRM ca. 4-5 %
therapeutic goal	drug free remission, immune reset	long term remission, cure

# Et après? CAR T-cells → lymphomes SNC

## RESEARCH ARTICLE

### Neurotoxicity in Patients With CNS Lymphomas Treated With CAR T-Cell Therapy

A Study From the French Oculo-Cerebral Lymphoma Network

Hugo Hernández-Tost,<sup>1</sup> Nicolas Weiss,<sup>2,3</sup> Sylvain Choquet,<sup>4</sup> Cristina Birzu,<sup>1</sup> Loïc Le Guennec,<sup>2</sup> Sirine Mersali,<sup>1</sup> Natalia Shor,<sup>5</sup> Delphine Leclercq,<sup>5</sup> Véronique Morel,<sup>4</sup> Madalina Uzunov,<sup>4</sup> Laetitia Souchet,<sup>4</sup> Ines Boussen,<sup>4</sup> Marine Baron,<sup>4</sup> Damien Roos-Weil,<sup>4</sup> Valérie Friser,<sup>4</sup> Nathalie Miranda,<sup>4</sup> Magali Le Garff-Tavernier,<sup>6</sup> Carole Soussain,<sup>7</sup> Agusti Alentorn,<sup>1</sup> Khê Hoang-Xuan,<sup>1</sup> Dimitri Psimaras,<sup>1</sup> and Caroline Houillier<sup>1</sup>

Neurology<sup>®</sup> 2025;104:e213501. doi:10.1212/WNL.00000000000213501

#### Correspondence

Dr. Houillier  
caroline.houillier@aphp.fr

- ↗ Pseudoprogression
- ↗ Neurotoxicité
- ↘ Réponse clinique

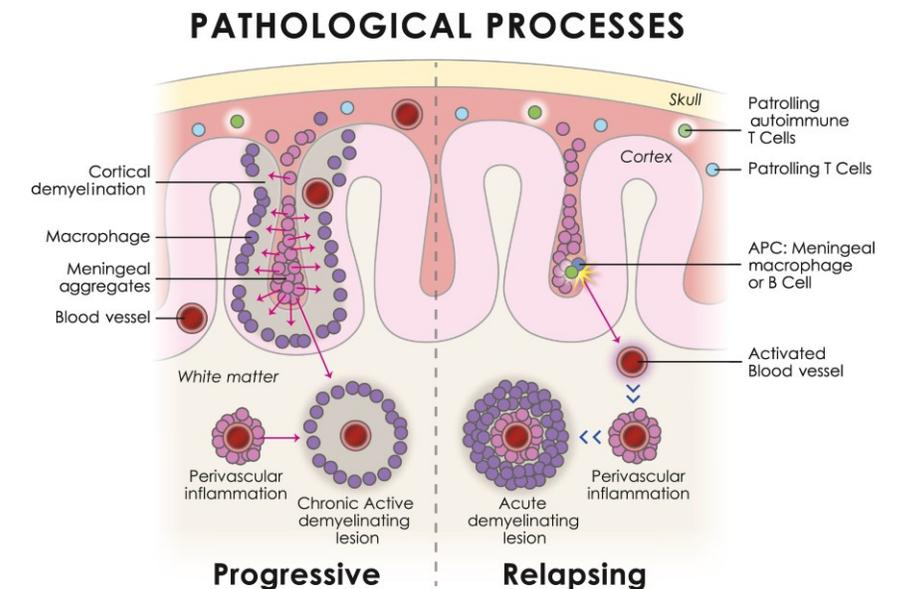
<b>Response to CAR T cells at 3 mo (%)</b>	
Complete response	22 (46)
Partial response	12 (25)
Progressive disease	14 (29)
12-mo PFS, median (95% CI)	43 (30–63)
12-month OS, median (95% CI)	60 (46–80)
<b>CRS (%)</b>	40 (83)
Grade 1	17 (35)
Grade 2	22 (46)
Grade 3	1 (2)
Grade 4	0
Delay between CAR T-cell infusion and onset of CRS, median (range) (d)	1 (0–6)
Duration of CRS, median (range) (d)	4 (1–10)
<b>Treatment of CRS (%)</b>	
Tocilizumab	34 (71)
Steroids	14 (29)
<b>Neurotoxicity</b>	
<b>ICANS (%)</b>	
No ICANS	17 (35)
<b>Nongraded ICANS<sup>a</sup></b>	
Grade 1	11 (23)
Grade 2	4 (8)
Grade 3	7 (15)
Grade 4	4 (8)

# Et après? CAR T-cells → MAI

**Table 1.** Published studies describing CAR T-cell application in autoimmune neurological diseases.

Publication	Study type	Disease	Antigen target	Patients (n)	CRS (n, grade)	ICANS (n, grade)	Construct
Qin et al. <sup>8</sup>	Phase I	NMOSD	BCMA	12	12, I-II	0	CT103A <sup>a</sup>
Granit et al. <sup>9</sup>	Phase Ib/IIa	MG	BCMA	14	0	0	Descartes-08 <sup>b</sup>
Haghikia et al. <sup>10</sup>	Case report	MG	CD-19	1	0	0	KYV-101 <sup>c</sup>
Tian et al. <sup>11</sup>	Case report	MG	BCMA	2	1, I	0	CT103A <sup>a</sup>
Zhang et al. <sup>12</sup>	Case report	CIDP	BCMA CD-19	1	1, I	0	Bispecific, human, 4-1BB
Fischbach et al. <sup>13</sup>	Case report	MS	CD-19	2	1, I	0	KYV-101
Motte et al. <sup>14</sup>	Case report	MG with LEMS	CD-19	2	2, I-II	1, I	KYV-101
Faissner et al. <sup>15</sup>	Case report	SPS	CD-19	1	1, II	0	KYV-101
Zhang et al. <sup>16</sup>	Case report	MG	BCMA CD-19	1	0	0	Bispecific, human, 4-1BB
Cabrera-Maqueda et al. <sup>17</sup>	Case report	MOGAD	CD-19	1	0	0	ARI-0001 <sup>d</sup>
Wickel et al. <sup>18</sup>	Case report	LEMS	CD-19	1	1, II	0	KYV-101
Haghikia et al. <sup>19</sup>	Case report	MG with RA	CD-19	1	1, I	0	KYV-101
Vu et al. <sup>20</sup>	Phase IIb	MG	BCMA	18	0	0	Descartes-08
Dong et al. <sup>21</sup>	Case report	CIDP	BCMA	2	2, I	0	CT103A <sup>a</sup>
Pecher et al. <sup>22</sup>	Case report	MS with RA	CD-19	1	1, II	0	Murine, 4-1BB
Motte et al. <sup>23</sup>	Case report	APN	CD-19	2	2, I-II	1, I	KYV-101
Hegelmaier et al. <sup>24</sup>	Case report	AIE	CD-19	1	1, I	N/A	KYV-101
Total	-	-	-	63	26, I-II	2, I	-

## • Essais de phase I/II en cours



Trends in Immunology

# Conclusion

- **Indications rares des AHSCT en neurologie**
  - SEP RR >>>> autres MAI
  - Pas/peu d'indication dans les SEP PP
- **Autres types de greffe possibles:**
  - SEP → CSM
  - Maladies génétiques → Allogreffe
- **Futur?**
  - Maladies neurodégénératives?
  - Autres types de greffe? Pour d'autres objectifs
  - CAR T-Cells?

